The Ohio Statesman: GAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WERKLY

MANYPENNY & MILLER. UBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

66 Office Mos. 36, 38 and 49, North High St THRMS INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

Weekly, single copy, • 1 75 Clabs of five copies, • 7 50 ten copies, • 4 00 twenty copies, • 27 00

erms of Advertising by the Square.

Displayed advertisements half more than the bove Advertisements leaded and placed in the column of Special Notices," double the ordetext yestes.

All notices required to be published by law, legal rates. If ordered on the inside exclusively after the first week per cent, more than the above rates; but all such will special in the Tri-Weekly without charge.

Business Curds, not exceeding five lines, per year, in ide, \$2.50 per line; outside \$2.

Motices of meetings, charitables ocieties, are companies is., half price.

Notices of meetings, charitables occurses, are such price.

All transient advertisements must be paid for in advertise.

Weekly, same price as the Daily, where the advertises see the Weekly slone. Where the Daily and Weekly is both used, then the charge for the Weekly will be all the rates of the Daily.

Ro savertisement taken except for a definite period.

FURNITURE MANUFACTORY

ACOR FISHER, HAVING PUR chased the entire stock and business of Measus edinger & Brown in the Furniture Manufactory No. 162 South High Street,

SAME STAND AS HERETOFORE, and solicits the custom of the old patrons of the estal lishment and the public generally. All business will be

PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO: nd Farniture manufactured or repaired promptly a

ording to order.

3. Figure is also engaged in the business of an Undertaker. to which he will give special and prompt attention.

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS.

WOOD & PEROT,

1131 RIDGE AVENUE, PHILADELPHIA, Pa.,

OFFER for Sale upon the Most Pavorable Torms, NEW and BEAUTIFUL DE IGNS in great variety of IRON BAILINGS for CEMBTEBIES, BEST-DENCES, etc., of Wrought and Cast Iron, and GALVANIZED IRON and BRARS TUBING; IRON VEMANDARD, BALCOAUES, STARRS, O C UN T E E S, FO UN T A I N S, GATES, OOLUMNS, HITCHING FOSTS, LAMP STANDS, VARES, TABLES, FLOW-MR STANDS, SOFAC, CHAIRS, STATUARY, ANIMALS, and all other from Work of a Decorative character. Designs forwarded for selection. Persons applying for same, will please state the kind of work seased.

CHARLES W. BAKER, VELOPE MANUFACTURER 29 BEEKMAN STREET.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform his friends, customers, and the trade generally, that he has scale resumed business at his old location, No. 25 BERKMAN STRUCT, and that his entire establishment, which was destroyed by fire in August last, has been roballt, and furnished with NEW and IMPROVED PAT-NEY MACHINERY, for the manufacture of every variety of Sky 21.0P28.

He feels assured that his present facilities will enable his be estimated by

CHARLES W. BARER, 29 Beekman St., New York.

NEW SHOE STORE No. 91 East State Street.

JACOB URY

(Formerly Cutter for J. Clark) Offers every variety of Ladies', Gents' and Children's

CUSTOM WORK

WILL BE DONE IN THE MOST APPROVED MAN-ner, and at chesp rates, on the shortest notice. By capprisons in this line is long and favorably known. I therefore selfcit the cutom of all who have known me PAIRING NEATLY AND PROMPTLY DONE

WADSWORTH HOUSE, ADJOINING N. Y. CENTRAL, LAKE SHORE, AN

The Most Convenient House in the City. The Wadsworth House has recently been Painted, Prescood and refurn ished throughout, and is now one of the best appointed House in the State. Its proximity to the principal Railroad Depots renders it particularly destable to travelers as a stopping place, while has not the old prejudice which has existed against the season tignous to Railroad Depots can attach to it.—
Passengers will observe the House on entering the depot. Leok on the right-hand side! Gong rung on the artiral of the train. Twenty minutes allowed in changing baggage. A good Restaurant is attached to the House, at the end of the Depot. Accommodations for three hundled guarant.

AMERICAN HOTEL

OPPOSITE STATE HOUSE, OOLUMBUS, OHIO.

16 OLD RETABLISHED AND WELL KNOWN House, during the past season has been thorough; ovated, repainted and refurmished in a style both directible and steppint, so that we feel well assured that so who have no with a call will find all the comforts about the comforts assured that the comforts the season in first class Hotels.

> FAIRBANKS'S STANDARD

PROPRIBTORS.

SCALES

TRANSCORER TO OF ALL KINDS.

Sold in Columbus by MILBOURNE, KUHNS & CO. stal to buy only the genuine.

Mary's Female Academy.

Somerest, Perry Co., Ohio.

In lastination, conduced by Sisters of the Order of it. Dessino, is situated on a beautiful eminence of vicinity of Somerest. The Play Grounds are amand well arranged for recreation. The situation is utility, that, for years, there has been no sickness that it is a second to be a sec hy of patronage. no, though firm and uniform, is mild an

NEW & ELEGANT

DRESS COODS

ENTIRELY

NEW STYLES AND COLORS

Selected from the Latest Importations

JUST OPENED.

BAIN do SON.

BLA'CK SILK'S

IN ALL WIDTHS.

Sold Under Market Prices.

BAIN & SON.

CALL ON

HEADLEY, RICHARDS & CO.,

250 & 252 South High Street,

Parasols, Sunshades,

DRESS SILKS.

Sacques, Mantles,

-AND-

ALL KINDS OF GOODS

WM. H. RESTIEAUX,

No. 106, South High Street,

COLUMBUS, DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PRODUCE PROVISIONS

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, LOUR. SALT. LIQUORS, ETO.

STORACE & COMMISSION

J. M. & V. KŒRNER.

No. 58,

Corner of Broad & Front Streets,

COLUMBUS

O . HONALPAN . O .

CROCERIES, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS,

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS.

FLOUR, SALT, LIQUORS, ETC.

OVERTHER BY THE CAN IN THEIR SEASON.

M'COLM, MILES & M'DONALDS,

(SUCCESSORS TO GEO. & WM. McDONALD) GROCERS. No. 124 South High Street

Proprietors of the Columbus Powder Magazine.

A GENTS FOR SALE OF THE MEDBURY WHITE DEALERS IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES Of every description, Imported and Domestic. Fine Wines, Cordials, Liquors, Segars, Olive Oils, Sar lines, &c. All goods delivered free of charge-MCOLM, MILES & MCONALDS, may15-dly. No. 124 south High st-

SUNDRIES.

No. 1 MESS MACKEREL Pickled Sa'mon Smoked
Salmon, Smoked Hailbut, Hominy, "Samp," Oranberries, "Dayton Orackers," Cap Sago, English Dairy,
Natmeg, Pinc Apple and W. R. Oheese; Burnet's Fisvoring Entrasts; Conned Green Corp, Green Pens, Pinc
Apple, dec. For sale by
McCOLM, MILES & McDONALDS,
may15-dly.

No. 124 South High st.

which impel them to the separation.
We hold these trutus to be self-evident: That We hold these trutus to be self-evident: That all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that, whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these endigits is the right of the people to alter or abolish it, and to institute new government, laying its supplied in the property of these endigits. The property of these endigits is the right of the people to alter or abolish it, and to institute new government, laying its supplied in the pursuit of the property of these endigits. The property of the property of these endigits is the right of the pursuit of the pursui it, and to institute new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its power in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence indeed, will dictate that governments, expenses the safety and principles. tablished, should not be charged for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the form to which they are accustomed. But, when a long train of abuses and surpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of the col-onies, and such is now the necessity which con-estrains them to alter their former system of onies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former system of government. The history of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having a direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this let facts be submitted to Ganga Clymer.

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operations till his assent should be obtained; and, when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to the

he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature—a right inesimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the repository of their public records, for the sols purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly, for opposing with many firmness his

He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws of naturalization of foreigners, refusing to pass others to encourage their migration thither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands.

He has obstancted the administration of jus-

tice, by refusing his assent to laws for establish ing judiciary powers.

He has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries. He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harrans our peo-

ple, and cas out their substance He has kept among us, in time of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our

legiclatures.
He has affected to render the military independent of, and superior to, the civil power.
fie has combined, with others, to subject us
to a jurisdiction foreign to our Constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws: giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation: For quartering large bodies of armed troops

among us:

For protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these States: For custing off our trade with all parts of the

For imposing taxes upon us without our con

For depriving us, in many cases, of the benefit

of trial by jury:

For transporting us beyond seas, to be tried for pretended offenses:

For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies: same absolute rule into these colonies:

For taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamental-ly, the forms of our governments:

For suspending our own legislatures, and de-claring themselves invested with power to leg-lalate for us in all cases whatsoever: fie has abdicased government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war

tie has plundered our seas, ravaged our coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our

or foreign mercenaries to complete the work of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun, with orcumstances of cruelty and perfid, so arealy paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our fellow-citizens, taken capilve on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves

by their hands. He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabi-tants of our frontiers the merculess Lidian sav-ages, whose known rule of warfars is an undissinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and

condition.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress in the most humble terms. Our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injuries. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is until to be the ruler of a free pecale.

define a tyract, is unar to be all ruler of a repeople.

Nor have we been wanting in attention to
our British breihren. We have warned them,
from time to time, of the attempts by their
Legislature to extend an unwarranted jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the
circumstances of our emigration and settlement
here. We have appealed to their native justice
and magnanimity, and we have conjured them,
by the ties of our common kindred, to dis yow by the ties of our common kindred, to dis vow these usurpations, which would inevitably in-terrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of jus-They, too, have been deaf to the voice of jus-tice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we had the rest

friends.

We therefore, the Representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the

The Ohio Statesman

good people of these colonies, colemnly publish and declare that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States; that they are absolved from all alleging ance to the British crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great British is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that as free and independent States, they have full power to levy war, couclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and do all other acts and things which independent States may of right do. And, for the support of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of manking requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We had the the separation.

ing members : JOHN HANCOCK. George Taylor,
James Wilson,
George Ross.
Delawars.
Casar Rodney, Massachusette Bay. George Read, Thomas McKean Robert Treat Paine. Samuel Chase,

William Paca, Thomas Stone, Charles Carroll, of Car Virginia, Roger Sherman. George Wythe, Richard Henry Lee, Thomas Jefferson, Benjamin Harrison, Samuel Huntington, William Williams, Oliver Wolcott. William Floyd, Thomas Nelson, Jr. Francis Lightfoot Lee, Carter Braxton. North Carolina. Paiup Livingeton, Francis Lowis, Lewis Morris.

Maryland.

New Jersey William Hooper. Richard Stockton. Joseph Hewes, John Penn. John Witherspoon, Francis Hopkinson, South Carolina. Edward Rutledge, John Hert, Abraham Clark. Thomas Heyward, Jr., Thomas Lynch, Jr., Arthur Middleton.

Georgia. Button Gwinnett, Benjamin Franklin. Lyman Hall, George Walton. George Clymer, James Smith,

A Sensible Order.

We take much pleasure in publishing the following order from the able and juditious commander of the Military District of Indiana:

GENERAL ORDER NO. 5. HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF INDIANA AND

Michigan, Department of the Ohio, Indianapolis, June 30, 1863 The peace of Indiana has stely been disturb ei by violence, murder and other acts contrary to law, and having their origin in certain se-cret political societies, clubs, or leagues. The common safety now demands that all such asso-ciations should be discontinued, no matter to peatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise; the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within.

He has endeavored to prevent the population been the reason for such societies in the begin-

been the reason for such societies in the beginning, their very secrecy and the caths they imunlawful ends, and pervert them into public nulsances.

All good objects can be accomplished openly, in offices and none but the enemies of their country

It is perfectly plain that such scoret organiza-tions are both dangerous and beyond the or-dinary grasp of the law; they are therefore declared to be hostile, and will be put down by all the military power of the district, if need

I invoke against said secret societies the good influence and active aid of all men who are friendly to the Union, to discontinue and peace-ably break up such organizations within the limits of this district; and I call upon the members thereof speedily to withdraw from their dark meetings, and openly show that their in-tentions or acts are such as may well become the true and loyal citizens of a country whose freedom and integrity they will maintain against all enemies whatsoever, and before the eyes of

O. B. WILCOX Rost. A. Huromas, Capt. and A. A. G.

VALLANDIGHAM'S RECORD.

THIS WORL CONTAINS THE PRIN-

It is thus a fall and accurate record of his sentiments and leading public sots on the great questions now before the people. The book shows why Mr. Vallanug ham has been repudiated, condemned and exiled by the party in power, and why another party now gaining strength every hour, and destined soon to control public abairs, has detarmined to scoure his restoration to the full rights of dittenship, and confer upon him one of the highest offices in the gift of the people.

ple.

The friends of Mr. V. ask nothing more than that the people of Ohio will thoroughly examine his Record, and let their deliberate and untilssed judgment be expressed by their vetes on the second Tussday in Oc-

pressed by their vector on the second result tober.

The work is handsomely printed on good paper, 256 pages, large fro., and has a very finely executed steel engraved likeness of Mr. Vallandigham.

The book has been carefully compiled and edited. Al. o, revised and appropriate form the court issue of pages, prepared curing his exite. It is having a very rapid sale.

Parone—Paper covers, 60 cis.; sloth, \$1 00; delivered by mail or express, propaid, on receipt of price.

A liberal discount to Agents and Dealers.

Published by

J. WALTER & CO.,

J. WALTER & CO., Celumbus, O.

For sale at the office of the Ohio Statesman. A copy will be sent to every editor who inserts the above and this notice before August isi, 1883, and sends a marked copy of his paper to the publishers. June 20 '63-tf

SUMMER RESORT. OHIO

White Sulphur Springs.

The Season of 1863.

THIS WALL ENOWN WATERING PLACE WILL be formally opened for the reception of guests about the middle of June. In the meantime person desiring to enjoy the privileges of the place, will be accommodated. THE SPRINGS, this season, will be under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor, who will be assisted by Mesers. Jos. A. SWATHE and C. C. Mircuma. It is the intention to make the he in all respects, equal to the best watering places in the ation of the guests.

For terms and other im'orms ANDREW WILSON, JR.,

FOR SALE. A TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE, ON OAK ST.

TELEGRAPHIC

Morning and Noon Dispatches.

Further From Gettysburg. BALTIMORE, July 2—The American learns from parties who left Getsysburg at noon to-day that everything was progressing favorably for the ultimate success of our arms up to that time. They argert upwards of six thousand prisoners had been captured and sent to the railroad ter-

minus at Union Bridge, for transportation to Baltimore. Gen. Sohenok just announced that he has in his possession twenty-four hundred prisoners in Baltimore and at the Relay House, We learn that nearly one thousand of these were captured Wednesday by the 11th army corps, in their gallant charge on Longstreet's corps. They are said to have at first slightly faltered, but when Gen. Howard cried to them, "Remember Chancellorville," they rushed into the fight like infuriated demone, and the whole line of the enemy gave way before them.

when our informant left, there had been no general battle, though heavy ekirmishing had been going on all morning, resulting in heavy loss to the enemy and the capture of over five ed battle. Thursday.

Baltimone, June 3, 1 A. M.—The American also has the following: We learn from Major Bumgarden and another officer of Gen. Reynolds's staff the following interesting particulars of the battle near Gettysburg, and are happy to say it closed for the day with the army of Gen. Meade in a most advantageous position for either attack or defense:
At nine o'clock Wednesday morning the 1st

and 11th army corps reached Gettysburg, enter-ing from the east-side of town, and marched di-rectly through to the west side, the cavalry ferce of the enemy in town galloping back as we advanced. On passing out of the west end of the town

the enemy was observed advancing rapidly from Chambersburg tumpske in line of battle, toward town, evidently endeavoring to hold an advantageous position commanding the town. The let corps, under Gen. Reynolds, which was in advance, pushed forward at double-quick to secure an advantageous position. The enemy under Longstreet and Hill advanced steadily, and in a few minutes heavy fire from both ar tillery and muskery opened along the whole Federal and rebel lines. The 11th army corps inder Howard was also soon in position, and

for a time quite a heavy battle raged. Several charges were made by the enemy to dislodge our forces, all of which were unsuccessful. At three o'clock the enemy massed his entire force and endeavored to turn our right wing -Reynolds advanced to meet them, and a heavy niantry fight ensued, in which both suffered severely, volley after volley of musketry being burled into the opposing columns with deadly effect. The field between the contending areffect. The field between the contenuing at mies was at ewn with dead and wounded. It is said the enemy suffered fully as heavily as prescriptions, and be gisd to wait not only on all the former, though it is not known what was their loss many new oustomers as may favor the business; and the weather the sould name of the

An effort to fisnk our right wing entirely failed, and we held the prominent and commanding position for which the struggle was made, at the close of the fight, which ceased for the day about four in the afternoon.

A great decisive battle is considered immi-

nent, and notwithstanding our severe less in of-ficers, the advantages of the day were regarded as decidedly with our forces. The army was in fine condition, full of enthusiasm for the coming battle, and confident of success. NEW YORK, July 3.—A special to the Herald from Harrisburg, July 23, saye: The battle at Gettysburg to-day was ficroe and bloody. From all I can gather the rebellion has received its

mortal wound! Cannon, small arms and the field are among the trophies. A column of twenty-five thousand rebels passed through Billaburg yesterday in the di-

ection of Gettysburg. Some gentlemen connected with the press some gentlemen connected with the press who arrived here last evening from Gettysburg, having left there before daylight in the morning, represent the condition of affairs at the close of the fight Wednesday evening to have been still more favorable and promising of successful lastic, than previous information received. They state the rebels had held Gettyshare for some time previous to the approach of burg for some time previous to the approach of our army, and had not only occupied, but had commenced fortifying the hills west of town, where they prepared to check our advance to-ward Chambersburg and the mouth of the Cum-berland valley. The movement of Sen. Reyn-oids, and the rapidity with which he advanced after entering the east end of town, took them somewhat by surprise, and he soon obtained a

somewhat by surprise, and he soon obtained a prominent position which rebels were fortily-The fighting through the balance of the day was a futile attempt on their part to regain this important position, from which they were frequently repulsed. Early on the afternoon both Longstreet and Hall con bined their forces for a grand effort to turn our right flank, when Gen. Howard's 11th corps most nobly repulsed these two veteran corps of the rebei army.—
The repulse was so complete that no further attempt was made by the enemy during the balance of the day, and night closed in with our holding the position chosen by the enemy to give us battle from.

The 31 and 12th corps also came on the field after the last repulse of the enemy, but owing to the fall of Gen. Reynolds and the lateness of the time as well as exhaustion of the mer and a desire to take care of the wounded, it was determined not to push the enemy for a re-

newal of the conflict. When our informant left the field yesterday (Tuesday) morning, Gen. Meade had arrived, and the main body of our army was in position and ready to push the enemy as soon as day

Gettysburg is just twenty-five miles east of Chambersburg, over a fine rolling country most of the way, which will doubtless be the scene of the way, which will doubtless be the scene of the great battles of the rebellion.

The World's Washington special, July 3d, 11:10 A. M., says: Important advices are received of yesterday's battle. There seems but little doubt a brilliant victory has been won.—
The enemy has not only been repulsed, but several thousand rebels captured. Our loss has been large, but has resulted so for as known in decided success.

Richmond Captured-Vicksburg Sur-rendered. PHILADELPHIA, July 3.— The Press bas the

following:

Baltimore, July 2.—Rumore from Fortress Monroe give rise to the impression that Richmond has been closely invested by Dix and is probably captured.

The laquirer has the following posted on its bulletin board: A dispatch from Washington just received at the Navy Yard and read to the workmen, says Vicksburg has surrendered.

The Press has a special from Wrightsfield, Pa., June 21, midnight, which says: Our forces are known to have gained on the enemy until four o'clock. Since then firing was rapid, indicating a general engagement. The rebel

force is concentrated on South Mountain, to-ward Carliale, six miles north of Gettyeburg. Sedgwick's corps passed York in the direc-tion of Dover this atternoon. It is in the ene

Democratic State Tellery

The Battle at Gettysburg Renewed New York, July 3.—A special to the Times from the battle-field near Gettysburg Thursday, 4:20 P. M., via Baltimore 3J, saye: To-day has been quiet up to the present. The enemy are massing a heavy force on our left and have just begun the attack with artillery. The probability is it will be severe before dark. Rebel sharpshooters are very treublesome, shooting at our men from steeples of churches.

The Tribune's epecial, dated Columbia, Pa., July 2J, says: The battle was renewed this morning and continued to 4 P. M., our forces gaining on the rebels ever since. The firing

gaining on the rebels ever eince. The firing has been heavier, icoking to a general engage-

Lee's forces are said to be concentrated for miles northwest of Gattysburg. Sedgwick's corps is reported pre

loss to the enemy and the capture of over five thousand more prisoners.

In all these extraishes, which were conducted under the direction of Gen. Meade, our arms were entirely successful. The enemy studiously avoided any general engagement, and it was thought there would be none before to-day, when it was the intention of General Meade to press the enemy along the whole line. The enemy was rapicly concentrating troops yesterday, and Gen. Meade's whole army had reached the field of battle. Gen. Couch was expected to press down through Cumberland Valley on the enemy.

Among the prisoners captured and arrived here, are Gen. Archer and twenty other officers.

Baltinore, June 3, 1 A. M.—The American tillery or to get our troops into position until this morning, when a general advance was or dered. Gen Thomas yesterday made a reconnoissance on two roads, and Gen. McCook on one road, reporting the enemy in force at this place, with the addition of Buckner's division, which arrived Monday evening. Advancing this morning, it was found the enemy had fied in haste tast mght, much demorralized, leaving strong torifications, a small quantity of stores and three siege guns in our possession. They took the direction of Winchester, Tenn. Generals Sheridan and Brannan marched into town erals Sheridan and Brannan marched into town

at 11:30 to-day, taking a few prisoners.
[Signed] W. S. ROSECRANS,

New York, July 3 .- The Tribune's Washington special says: An accident occurred at Harper's Ferry yesterday. As the garrison were evacuating the fort on Maryland Heights a barrei of gunpowder exploded, killing ten and wounding forty soldiers of the 6 h and 8th Ma ryland regiments.

The country between Frederick and Pooles ville is undisturbed.

Eagle Drug Store. THE UNDERSEGNED HEREBY RESPROTPULLY notifies the public that the well known Eagle Drug Store (corner of High and Rich strests), formerly kept by his deceased brother, Earnst Schueller, was sold by order of the Probate Court of P.anklin county, D., and was purchased by him, and that the business will be continued on his account, under the management of his son-in-law, D. DEIBS, at the old stand, and under the old firm of Brast Schueller.

many new ou undersigned : business by h

AUGUSTUS J. SCHUELLER,

Columbus, O., June 21, '63-d&wim

Property for Sale. THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS HIS Property on South High Street, well known under the name of

PEOPLE'S GARDEN. for sale. The Garden connists of 15 acres of good land all kinds of fruit trees, and a good two-story brick house, stable and ice-house are on the premises. I have also 80 acres of good cleared land at the town of Buffallo City, in the State of Wisconsin, which I also offer for sale, and myits purchasers to call. I will sel on liberal terms, as I am about to make a visit to Europe.

GOTTLOB SUFFORD,

Proprietor of People's Garden. MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

NEIL HOUSE. OPPOSITE THE STATE CAPITOL,) MARCUS CHILDS, Proprietor.

THIS LARGE AND MAGNIFICENT
West, and has just been filled with a large and well selected stock of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

which will be found to excel anything ever before offered in this market. In the Custom Department I en ploy none but the best Cutters and Workmen, and orders will be speedily filled, and Warranted to Fit and be Well Made. MILITARY GENTLEMEN

Will find at this Establishment all the necessaries re-gained for a complete outfit, and my facilities and prices are such that I can defy competition in this line-READY MADE CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING COODS,

Will be found in great variety, having the largest stock of this kind ever brought to this city, all of which I in-rite the public to call and examine before purchasing REMEMBERI My Store is opposite the Capitol, in the New Neil House Building, and is one of the finest Store Rooms in the country. A visit to it will repay any one for the trouble.

BROOKS, STEARNS & CO., WHOLESALE & BETAIL DEALERS IN

Fine & Staple Groceries, Foreign and Domestic Fruits, CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR,

Pure Wines and Liquors FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods-NO. 273 SOUTH HIGH STREET,

Columbus, Ohio, Says the besturing (see Goldstep & from All goods delivered free of charge to any part of the

JOHN STEARNS,

M. MERION.